



## U.S. Department of Justice

Immigration and Naturalization Service

identifying conference of prevent clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS 425 Eye Street N.W. ULLB, 3rd Floor Washington, D.C. 20536

File:

WAC-01-215-54463

Office: California Service Center

Date:

JAN 13 2003

IN RE: Petitioner:

Beneficiary:

Petition:

Petition for a Nonimmigrant Worker Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) of the Immigration and

Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b)

PUBLIC COPY

IN BEHALF OF PETITIONER:

**SELF-REPRESENTED** 

## **INSTRUCTIONS:**

This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Service where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. Id.

Any motion must be filed with the office that originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.7.

> FOR THE ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER, **EXAMINATIONS**

obert P. Wiemann, Director Administrative Appeals Office **DISCUSSION:** The nonimmigrant visa petition was denied by the director and is now before the Associate Commissioner for Examinations on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The petitioner is a non-profit research organization providing placement services for medical personnel. It seeks to employ the beneficiary as a registered nurse for a period of three years. The director determined the petitioner had not established that the proffered position is a specialty occupation.

On appeal, the petitioner's director submits a statement.

Pursuant to 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(4)(ii), a "specialty occupation" is defined as:

an occupation which requires theoretical and practical application of a body of highly specialized knowledge in fields of human endeavor including, but not limited to, architecture, engineering, mathematics, sciences, social medicine and sciences, health, education, business specialties, accounting, theology, and the arts, and which requires the attainment of a bachelor's degree or higher in a specific specialty, or its equivalent, as a minimum for entry into the occupation in the United States.

The director concluded that the petitioner had failed to establish that a baccalaureate or higher degree is a standard minimum requirement for the job offered. On appeal, the petitioner's director argues that the proffered position's duties are so specialized and complex that the knowledge required to perform the duties is usually associated with the attainment of a bachelor of science degree in nursing.

The Service does not use a title, by itself, when determining whether a particular job qualifies as a specialty occupation. The specific duties of the proffered position combined with the nature of the petitioning entity's business operations are factors that the Service considers. In a letter which accompanied the initial I-129 petition, the petitioner described the "essential job functions" of the offered position as follows:

- 1. Perform therapeutic measures prescribed and dictated by the medical authorities,
- 2. Charting the patient[']s condition, medications and orders given by the doctors,
- 3. Assists the patient towards earlier rehabilitation,
- 4. Teaches and direct non[-]professional nursing personnel in the execution of their duties

5. Assesses the nursing needs of the patients, draws and provides the nursing care plan including recognizing, interpreting and reporting symptoms and observations, carrying out doctors['] instructions intelligently, accurately, and promptly providing continuity in patients['] care through systematic up keep [sic] of records and reports, guiding non[-]professional nursing personnel to help achieve a safe and healthy atmosphere, and continually to learn new milestones and update knowledge on nursing care as a staff nurse, they will be under the supervision of a physician and will perform some physical examination and monitor patients on a daily basis until they pass the State Board.

Pursuant to 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(4)(iii)(A), to qualify as a specialty occupation, the position must meet one of the following criteria:

- 1. A baccalaureate or higher degree or its equivalent is normally the minimum requirement for entry into the particular position;
- 2. The degree requirement is common to the industry in parallel positions among similar organizations or, in the alternative, an employer may show that its particular position is so complex or unique that it can be performed only by an individual with a degree;
- 3. The employer normally requires a degree or its equivalent for the position; or
- 4. The nature of the specific duties is so specialized and complex that knowledge required to perform the duties is usually associated with the attainment of a baccalaureate or higher degree.

The petitioner has not met any of the above requirements to classify the offered position as a specialty occupation.

The Service does not agree with the argument that the proffered position of registered nurse requires a bachelor's degree in nursing. A review of the Department of Labor's <u>Occupational Outlook Handbook</u>, 2002-2003 edition, at pages 268-270, finds no requirement of a baccalaureate or higher degree in a specific specialty for employment as a registered nurse. The three educational paths to nursing are as follows: Associate degree in nursing (A.D.N.), bachelor of science degree in nursing (B.S.N.), and diploma. The <u>Handbook</u> further states that:

There have been attempts to raise the educational requirements for an R.N. license to a bachelor's degree and, possibly, create new job titles. These changes, should they occur, will probably be made State by State, through legislation or regulation.... In fact, many career paths are open only to nurses with bachelor's or advanced degrees. A bachelor's degree is necessary for administrative positions and prerequisite for admission to graduate nursing programs research, consulting, teaching, or a clinical specialization.

As the record does not demonstrate that the beneficiary's proffered position is an administrative position, or a graduate nursing program in research, consulting, teaching, or a clinical specialization, the petitioner has not shown that a bachelor's degree or its equivalent is required for the position being offered to the beneficiary.

The petitioner has failed to submit any evidence establishing that it has, in the past, required the services of individuals with baccalaureate or higher degrees for the offered position. In addition, the petitioner has not submitted sufficient evidence to demonstrate that the degree requirement is common to the industry in parallel positions among similar organizations.

The petitioner asserts that the proffered position's duties are so specialized and complex that the knowledge required to perform the duties is usually associated with the attainment of a bachelor's degree. However, as noted above, the <a href="Handbook">Handbook</a> does not provide any indication that a baccalaureate degree or higher is required to be employed as a registered nurse. Furthermore, the petitioner has not provided any documentation to corroborate this assertion. As such, it has not been persuasively established that the duties of the proffered position are so complex that the knowledge required to perform the duties is usually associated with the attainment of a baccalaureate or higher degree.

The petitioner has failed to establish that any of the four factors enumerated above are present in this proceeding. Accordingly, it is concluded that the petitioner has not demonstrated that the offered position is a specialty occupation within the meaning of the regulations.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1361. The petitioner has not sustained that burden. Accordingly, the decision of the director will not be disturbed.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.